This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



<u>Names</u>	
Product name	: Lemsip Max Cold & Flu with Decongestant Capsules
SDS no.	20136 - SD EU
Formulation #	: 137214
	AUSTRALIA RECKITT BENCKISER (AUSTRALIA) PTY LIMITED 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (02) 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Product use	: For the relief of the symptoms of colds and influenza, including the relief of aches and pains, nasal congestion, and the lowering of temperature.
2. Hazard identifi	
Classification of the substance or mixture	Cation : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2. Hazard identifi Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Classification of the substance or mixture <u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A :
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A WARNING Causes skin irritation.
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A WARNING Causes skin irritation.
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A WARNING Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medica
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements General	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A WARNING Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medica advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after
Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements General Prevention	 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A WARNING WARNING Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medica advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
sucrose	≥30 - ≤60 ≥10 - ≤30	57-50-1 103-90-2
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-		77-92-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing

4. First-aid measures		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: Not applicable

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 30°C (86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Do not store above the following temperature		30 °C
Do not store below the following temperatures		10 °C

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

<u>Australia</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
sucrose	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
paracetamol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). PEAK: 4 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction

<u>New Zealand</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
sucrose	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.		
paracetamol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust		

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, g vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion ventilation equipment.	/ any gas,
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to e they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In s cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clo Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations ar safety showers are close to the workstation location.	othing.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, n gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical spla goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produce dust goggles.	nists, , ash
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard s be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment ind this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufac check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	licates cturer, It
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tabeing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialis before handling this product.	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

:	Solid. [Powder.]
1	Not available.
:	Characteristic.
:	Not available.
1	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	Not applicable.
1	Not available.
1	Not available.
:	Not applicable.
:	Not available.
1	Not applicable.
1	Not available.
:	
:	Not applicable.
1	Not applicable.
1	Not available.
1	Not applicable.
1	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Chemical stability : The product is stable. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sucrose	LD50 Oral	Rat	29700 mg/kg	-
paracetamol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1944 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
acid, 2-hydroxy-				

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
paracetamol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	168 hours 280 mg	-
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 ug	-

Conclusion/Summary

SkinBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.EyesIrritating to eyes.RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.SensitisationNot available.Not available.Eased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.SkinBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Germ Cell MutagenicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Not available.Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Date of issue

: 06/01/2023

11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate	: No specific data. .ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: No specific data. ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure : Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential immediate	 No specific data. ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential immediate effects	 No specific data. Sets as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	 No specific data. Sets as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
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Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. Conclusion/Summary General	 No specific data. tes as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. Conclusion/Summary	 No specific data. Its as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity	 No specific data. Its as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity Germ Cell Mutagenicity	 No specific data. Its as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Repeated on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

11. Toxicological information

F	Route	ATE value
C	Dral	9332.69 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
paracetamol	Acute EC50 56.34 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 814000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 5.72 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.61 to 1.06 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Adult	6 weeks
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
sucrose paracetamol 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	-3.7 0.4 -1.8	- 3.162 -	low low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

•				
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheo	duling of Medicines and Poisons
Not scheduled	
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Group Standard	Medicinal product
HSNO Approval Number	Not applicable
Approved Handler Requirement	No.
Tracking Requirement	No.

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods	
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage	of
	Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangero	aus Goods
	by Rail	Jus Goods
	IATA = International Air Transport Association	
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of C IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container	hemicals
	SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons	
	UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia	
	HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996	
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 06/01/2023	
Version	: v1.0L	
	(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)	
Procedure used to derive	the classification	
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16. Other information

Classification

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

Justification

Calculation method Calculation method